



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

those prescribed in section 10 for chief sanitary inspector. Health visitors shall be women registered as nurses under the nurses' registration act of California, or shall present certificates of training in hygiene and sanitation.

SEC. 14. All powers and duties heretofore vested in the board of health by existing ordinances are hereby transferred to the health officer.

* * * * *

SEC. 16. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after April 1, 1914.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Milk, Cream, and Buttermilk—Care and Sale. (Ord. 234 C, May 27, 1914.)

SECTION 1. *Permits required.*—No person, firm, or corporation shall sell, offer for sale; expose for sale, or have in his or her custody, control or possession for sale or other disposition in the city of Birmingham any milk, cream, or buttermilk without first obtaining a permit from the meat and milk inspector to engage in such business.

SEC. 2. *Application for permits.*—Application for permit to conduct a dairy depot or milk store in the city of Birmingham shall be made to the meat and milk inspector of this city at least five days before it is desired to begin or engage in such business. Permits are not transferable and a change of ownership requires a new permit as set out in this ordinance. Permits are good only for the locations specified in the application, and it shall be unlawful to move or change the location of any dairy depot or milk store without first obtaining permission to do so from the meat and milk inspector. All permits issued by the meat and milk inspector shall expire December 31 each year, and new ones obtained as required by this section. All applications for permits shall set forth the name and residence of the principal officers, if the applicant is a corporation, and the name and residence if the applicant is an individual, together with the location of the premises where it is desired to conduct such business. Such applications must state whether the products are to be sold in a dairy depot or milk store and whether the milk, cream, or buttermilk is to be sold exclusively in bottles or in bulk and bottles.

SEC. 3. *Dairy depot and milk store defined.*—By a dairy depot is meant any building or room where milk is received from a dairy or dairy farms and bottled or otherwise prepared for market. Every dairy depot shall be equipped with all necessary facilities for conducting such business, such as cooling vats, ice boxes, water, washing vats, and facilities for hot water or steam for cleansing all utensils used for carrying on such business.

A milk store is any store or room where milk is received from any dairy depot or dairy farm in sealed packages and sold to consumers in such original sealed packages, and not otherwise.

SEC. 4. *Dairy depot—Where to be established.*—No dairy depot shall be established or maintained in a room or rooms which communicate directly with any living room, kitchen, toilet, laundry, or stable, or where animals are kept or slaughtered. No dairy depot shall be maintained which communicates in any way with a horse or cow stable and shall be separated therefrom by an air and odor-proof partition or wall. The immediate vicinity of the dairy depot, especially within 50 feet of the doors and windows thereof, shall be kept free from rubbish, garbage, manure, or other putrefying, decomposing, infectious, or bad-smelling substances.

No dairy depot or milk store shall be maintained in insanitary surroundings or in an insanitary condition. Insanitary conditions shall be deemed to exist if the premises are not kept clean, if the water in the ice box or cooling vat is not kept fresh and free from objectionable odor, if the vats, ice boxes, or refrigerators in which dairy products are kept are not kept clean and if the cans or other utensils used as containers for milk are not properly washed and sterilized before each use, if fresh milk is to be emptied into vessels that have not first been properly cleansed.

August 28, 1914

SEC. 5. Milk stores.—Milk stores shall be restricted to the sale of milk or cream in sealed glass bottles only, on the cap of which shall appear in legible type the name of the person, firm, or corporation bottling same, and it shall be unlawful to receive, store, or sell such products in bulk. However, buttermilk may be kept in bulk at the discretion of the meat and milk inspector.

No milk, cream, or buttermilk shall be stored or kept in any refrigerator or ice box in which other food products are kept, and all places in the city of Birmingham where milk is sold or where milk is kept for the purpose of being supplied to consumers in said city, shall maintain a suitable ice box, cooling vat, or refrigerator exclusively for such milk, cream, or buttermilk, and a low temperature must be maintained.

SEC. 6. Must have license.—The permits provided for in this ordinance shall not entitle any person, firm, or corporation to engage in the business specified without the payment of the license required by the city of Birmingham for conducting such business. But no license shall be issued to conduct a dairy depot or milk store unless a permit for same has been granted by the meat and milk inspector, and the application for license has been approved.

SEC. 7. Penalty.—Any person, firm, or corporation violating any provision of any section of this ordinance shall upon conviction be punished as provided in section 1216 of the Code of Alabama.

BOSTON, MASS.

Garbage—Transportation Forbidden Except by Contractor. (Reg. Bd. of H., July 14, 1914.)

No person, firm, or corporation other than the city of Boston or the city contractors or their agents shall carry, convey, or transport through the alleys, streets, or public places of the city of Boston, any kitchen swill or garbage consisting of any refuse accumulation of meat, fish, fowl, fruit, or vegetable matter.

BROCKTON, MASS.

Tuberculosis—Disinfection of Apartments Required When Vacated by a Patient. (Reg. Bd. of H., June 3, 1914.)

CHAPTER 1. SEC. 9. Whenever a person having tuberculosis moves out of a house or an apartment, the attending physician, if there be one, or the active head of the family, shall so notify the board of health within 24 hours, that the house or apartment may be thoroughly fumigated before allowing any other person to occupy same. Both the above mentioned persons shall be held responsible for a violation of this section.

Communicable Diseases of Animals—Notification of Cases. (Reg. Bd. of H., June 3, 1914.)

Every veterinarian or other person who is called to examine or professionally attend any animal within the city of Brockton, having glanders or farcy, rabies, tuberculosis, or other communicable diseases, shall within 24 hours thereafter, report in writing to the board of health the following facts:

- (a) A statement of the location of the diseased animal.
- (b) The name and address of the owner thereof.
- (c) The type and character of the disease.

CAIRO, ILL.

Fish—Inspection, Care, and Sale. (Reg. Bd. of H., June 24, 1914.)

1. No fish caught in any manner in stagnant waters shall be sold in the city of Cairo.

2. All fish caught, 10 or more miles from the city of Cairo in any direction, shall not be sold or vended in the Cairo market, unless properly iced at the place where caught and kept iced thereafter.